# The Role of Biotechnology in Our Food Supply



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# What is Food Biotechnology?

Food biotechnology is the evolution of traditional agricultural techniques such as crossbreeding and fermentation.

It is an extension of the type of food development.

# Technically Speaking...

Food biotechnology employs the tools of modern genetics to enhance beneficial traits of plants, animals, and microorganisms for food production. It involves adding or extracting select genes to achieve desired traits.

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Presented to [insert name here]

Date



# Evolution of Food Biotechnology

In 1990 the first food products enhanced via biotechnology were introduced. These were an enzyme used in cheese production approved in the United States and a yeast used in baking approved in the United Kingdom.





Definition and History of Food Biotechnology

> Why Do We Use Biotechnology?

Four Key Benefits

- > Agricultural Biotechnology Today
  - What Does the Future Hold?
- Communication Lessons from Other Food Technologies



# What is Biotechnology?



"Bio" means "life" "techno" means "tools" "ology" means "the use or study of" Using biology (the study of life) to create or improve tools, products, or processes.

E.g., Food Crops & Animals

# History of Food Biotechnology















#### WHY DO WE USE BIOTECHNOLOGY?

# Why Biotechnology?



"...The First Essential Component Of Social Justice Is Adequate Food For All Mankind."



Norman Borlaug, Agronomist & Humanitarian, Father of the 'Green Revolution,' 1970 Nobel Peace Prize Winner Scientists and farmers have been striving for generations to increase quality and quantity of food for world's growing population.

### Consumers Expect Benefits from Biotechnology





#### Q 17. Do you feel that biotechnology will provide benefits for you or your family within the next five years?

#### Q 18. What benefits do you expect? [OPEN END]

Source: IFIC 2012 Consumer Perceptions of Food Technology Survey



Four Key Benefits



Food Safety
 Consumer Benefits
 Sustainability
 Feeding a Hungry World









#### FOOD SAFETY

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## **Food Safety**



"For thousands of years we've been breeding plants...so that we can have fruits and vegetables that are safe and healthy. We're now using the latest generation of biotechnology to...make them even safer."

Ronald Kleinman, MD, Physician in Chief, Massachusetts General Hospital for Children



Top medical professionals agree that biotechnology is a safe food technology.  $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$ 

Plant-Based Foods Currently Available Using Biotechnology are Safe

- Extensive research
- Consumed safely around world
- No evidence of harm
- Safe for children
- No increased risk for allergies





Groups that have deemed food biotech safe: - WHO - FAO

- AMA
- IFT
- FDA
- EPA
- USDA

for producing meat, milk, and eggs

**rbST:** Safety of food products using rbST has been established and reinforced through decades of research.

FDA on Animal Cloning: Meat and milk from cows, goats, and pigs are the same as from other animals.





## Biotechnology: Not a Food Safety Concern for Americans



Percent concerned with each food safety issue (unaided):			
		2012	2010
ything, iccerned n it comes	Disease/contamination	29%	29%
	Handling/preparation	21%	23%
	Preservatives/Chemicals	13%*	8%
	Health/nutrition	8%	7%
	Agricultural production	7%	6%
	Food sources	7%	8%
	Packaging/labeling	5%	4%
	Biotech	2%	2%
	Processed foods	1%	1%
	Other	1%	1%

\*Denotes statistical significance from 2010.

H.

International Food

Information Council

Q12. What, if anything, are you concerned about when it come to food safety? [OPEN END] Biotech Foods Are Regulated to Ensure Safety

U.S. regulation coordinated by:

- USDA
- EPA
- FDA
- Regulations in place for foods from plant and animal biotechnology







## Food Biotech Labeling



# Special labeling required only to disclose a material change, such as:

- Allergens present in the food.
- Increased levels of naturally occurring toxins.
- Changes to nutrient composition or profile.



FDA has determined the process of biotechnology is not a "material fact" to be mandated on the food label.



### Potential for Biotechnology to Improve Food Safety



#### Benefits today:

- Protects against mold in corn
- Enzymes that produce low-lactose milk more efficiently



#### Products being developed to:

- Protect rice and sugar cane from insects
- Produce a potato with reduced acrylamide levels
- Remove allergenic proteins (e.g., peanuts, milk, soy)









### **CONSUMER BENEFITS**



Potential to Deliver "Heart-Healthy" Oils

- Advanced breeding, modern food production are used to develop canola, soybean, and sunflower oils that do not produce trans fats.
- Soybean, canola oils being developed with biotechnology to provide the specific omega-3 fats that are most protective for heart health.



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Biotechnology Improves Food Taste & Quality



- Non-browning apples
- Keep their original color longer, stay crisp longer.



#### In development:

- Potatoes
- Tomatoes, melons, etc.
- Enzymes used in food production



Above all else, consumers want food that tastes good. 69% say they'd buy foods enhanced through biotech to taste better - IFIC 2012

Biotechnology Contributes to a Consistent, Affordable Food Supply



Biotechnology facilitates:

- Greater efficiencies on the farm.
- More reliable harvests.
- Less risk of spoilage or contamination from farm to store.











#### SUSTAINABILITY

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# **Sustainability**



Sustainability in agriculture is about meeting today's needs in a manner that ensures we can continue to meet those needs tomorrow, as well as or better than today.





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#### Biotechnology Allows for More Judicious Use of Insecticides



# Important tools for protecting crops, the environment:

- Responsible use of biotech seeds
- Responsible use of crop protection products
- Integrated weed and pest management practices







#### Biotechnology Allows for Use of Safer Herbicides

- Glyphosate: 16 times less toxic than older herbicides
- Newer biotech varieties addressing weed
  resistance



New types of herbicidetolerant corn and soy have been developed that help address ongoing challenges with herbicide resistance of certain weeds.

# **Biotechnology Protects Soil Quality**



#### Less Sustainable



Moldboard Plowing: Exposes soil to wind, erosion

No-Till Farming: Plants seeds directly into residue of previous crop

More Sustainable

**Biotech**nology allows for improved soil quality.



### Biotechnology Reduces Carbon Footprint

- No-till / Conservation tillage:
  - Agriculture's "carbon footprint" decreased by: 46.5 billion pounds
- Carbon emissions are lower on farms that use biotechnology
  - 2011: Estimated carbon dioxide reductions:
    4.19 billion pounds





Biotechnology Makes it Possible to Produce More Food Per Acre and Per Animal



- Crops thrive with better weed and insect control.
- Less land, insecticides, fertilizers, fuel, animals, and feed needed to produce same amount of food.
- With rbST and proper management,
  <u>5</u> cows can produce as much milk as previously took <u>6</u> cows = More Sustainable



#### Biotechnology Improves Economic Sustainability for Family Farms Worldwide



We can help poor farmers sustainably increase their productivity so they can feed themselves and their families. By doing so, they will contribute to global food security. But that will happen only if we prioritize agricultural innovation."

> - Bill Gates, co-founder, The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, 2012



Biotechnology Improves Social Sustainability for Family Farms Worldwide

Efforts being pursued in developing nations:

• Cooperation with local people ensuring a positive social impact.



Food security (or regular access to food) is essential to a nation's overall stability.











#### FEEDING A GROWING WORLD

### More Food, Better Nutrition Needed for a Growing Global Population



By 2050, the global population is



expected to reach 9 billion people, requiring 70% more food than is produced today. "The past 50 years have been the most productive period in global agricultural history, leading to the greatest reduction in hunger the world has ever seen."

Former President Jimmy Carter. Wall Street Journal, October 14, 2005.  $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$ 

### Biotechnology Improves Harvest Per Acre



- Increasing yield in developing nations, ensuring greater access to food.
- Strengthening crops against extreme temperatures, drought, poor soil conditions – critical in developing nations



#### $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

## Biotechnology Offers Solutions for Reversing Malnutrition



Where malnutrition is rampant, nutritionally improving staple food crops and native foods has great potential to improve the health of entire communities

In development:

- Golden Rice
  - beta-carotene →vitamin A
- Biofortified sorghum
  - vitamin A, iron, zinc







#### AGRICULTURAL BIOTECHNOLOGY TODAY



# Biotechnology Applications in the U.S. Today



#### In Crops:

- Insect protection
- Herbicide tolerance
- Virus resistance
- Stacked traits, tailored to agricultural needs

#### In Dairy Cows:

• Protein hormones for increased milk production efficiency



# Foods From Crops & Animals Raised Using Biotechnology

- Sweet Corn
- Papaya
- Dairy Products
- Food ingredients
  - Sweeteners
    (e.g. corn syrup, sugar)
  - Vegetable oils
  - Corn starch
  - Soy protein
  - And more







# Biotechnology: An Important Factor in Our



### Biotechnology: An Important Factor In Our <u>Global</u> Harvest













#### WHAT DOES THE FUTURE HOLD?

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# Future Biotechnology Benefits

- Foods higher in omega-3s and other nutrients.
- Foods with better taste, freshness.
- Ability to grow crops in difficult climates and poor soil.
- Further improvements in yield and disease protection.







### Communication Lessons from Other Food Technologies

For example:

- Animal antibiotics
- Animal protein hormones
- Ractopamine
- Nanotechnology





# Biotechnology: Benefiting the Common Good



"When we look back over the last century, we see that biotechnology is responsible for some of our greatest progress in public health, from the discovery of penicillin to the development of effective therapies for HIV infection ... Today... we can see even bigger opportunities ahead."

> - Kathleen Sebelius, USDA Secretary of the Department of Health & Human Services. The Biotech Meeting, 2010.











### **THANK YOU!**

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